

P - II (1+1+1) H / 19 (N)

2019

HISTORY (Honours)

Paper Code : III-A & B

[New Syllabus]

Full Marks : 100

Time : Four Hours

**Important Instructions
for Multiple Choice Question (MCQ)**

- Write Subject Name and Code, Registration number, Session and Roll number in the space provided on the Answer Script.

Example : Such as for Paper III-A (MCQ) and III-B (Descriptive).

Subject Code :

III	A	&	B
-----	---	---	---

Subject Name :

- Candidates are required to attempt all questions (MCQ). Below each question, four alternatives are given [i.e. (A), (B), (C), (D)]. Only one of these alternatives is 'CORRECT' answer. The candidate has to write the Correct Alternative [i.e. (A)/(B)/(C)/(D)] against each Question No. in the Answer Script.

Example — If alternative A of 1 is correct, then write :

1. — A

- There is no negative marking for wrong answer.
- No student will be allowed to leave the examination hall before completion of the examination.
- Using abusive language or employing any other unfair means, he/she will render himself/herself liable to disqualify.
- Use of any mobile phone, calculator or log table etc. in the examination hall is prohibited, except specially instructed in the question paper.

মাণ্ডিপল চয়েস প্রশ্নের (MCQ) জন্য জরুরী নির্দেশাবলী

- উত্তরপত্রে নির্দেশিত স্থানে বিষয়ের (Subject) নাম এবং কোড, রেজিস্ট্রেশন নম্বর, সেশন এবং রোল নম্বর লিখতে হবে।

উদাহরণ — যেমন Paper III-A (MCQ) এবং III-B (Descriptive)।

Subject Code :

III	A	&	B
-----	---	---	---

Subject Name :

- পরীক্ষার্থীদের সবগুলি প্রশ্নের (MCQ) উত্তর দিতে হবে। প্রতিটি প্রশ্নে চারটি করে সম্ভাব্য উত্তর, যথাক্রমে (A), (B), (C) এবং (D) করে দেওয়া আছে। পরীক্ষার্থীকে তার উত্তরের স্বপক্ষে (A) / (B) / (C) / (D) সঠিক বিকল্পটিকে প্রশ্ন নম্বর উল্লেখসহ উত্তরপত্রে লিখতে হবে।

উদাহরণ — যদি 1 নম্বর প্রশ্নের সঠিক উত্তর A হয় তবে লিখতে হবে :

1. — A

- ভুল উত্তরের জন্য কোন নেগেটিভ মার্কিং নেই।
- কোন অবস্থাতেই পরীক্ষার্থীকে পরীক্ষাচলাকালীন পরীক্ষাকেন্দ্রের বাইরে যাওয়ার অনুমতি দেওয়া যাবে না।
- অবাঞ্ছিত কোন শব্দ ব্যবহার করা অথবা অবৈধ কোনো কাজকর্মে লিপ্ত থাকলে ছাত্র/ছাত্রী তার পরীক্ষা বাতিলের জন্য নিজেই দায়ী থাকবে।
- প্রশ্নপত্রে নির্দেশিত বিশেষ নির্দেশ ছাড়া পরীক্ষাকক্ষে মোবাইল ফোন, ক্যালকুলেটর অথবা লগ-টেবিল ইত্যাদি ব্যবহার নিষিদ্ধ।

Paper Code : III-A

Full Marks : 20

Time : Thirty Minutes

Choose the correct answer.
Each question carries 1 mark.

1. Akbar was born at —
 - (A) Punjab
 - (B) Delhi
 - (C) Amarkot
 - (D) Fatepur Sikri
2. The Mansab was only a —
 - (A) Rank
 - (B) Service
 - (C) Award
 - (D) Title
3. Who was the famous singer of Akbar's reign?
 - (A) Abul Fazl
 - (B) Tansen
 - (C) Faizi
 - (D) Birbal

4. When did Akbar take first initiative to abolish Jizya Tax?
 - (A) 1563 A.D
 - (B) 1564 A.D
 - (C) 1565 A.D
 - (D) 1589 A.D
5. Who was Bairam Khan?
 - (A) Court historian
 - (B) Singer
 - (C) Painter
 - (D) Guardian and tutor of Akbar
6. What was the original name of Nurjahan?
 - (A) Fatima Begum
 - (B) Jahanara
 - (C) Meher-un-Nesa
 - (D) Zeb-un-Nesa
7. Who was Mirbakshi?
 - (A) Head of the military department
 - (B) Judge
 - (C) Kotowal
 - (D) Sadr-us-sadr

Turn Over

8. Who built Agra fort?

- (A) Babur
- (B) Akbar
- (C) Jahangir
- (D) Aurangzeb

9. Who translated Upanisadh in Persian language?

- (A) Mahes Das
- (B) Mansur
- (C) Todar Mal
- (D) Dara Shikoh

10. Sawar indicate the member of —

- (A) Artillery
- (B) Cavalrymen
- (C) Jagirdar
- (D) Mansabdar

11. Sir Thomas Roe came to India during the time of —

- (A) Akbar
- (B) Shahjahan
- (C) Jahangir
- (D) Aurangzeb

12. Who was known as Prince Khurram?

- (A) Babur
- (B) Akbar
- (C) Sahajahan
- (D) Aurangzeb

13. *Sulh-i-kul* means —

- (A) Peace for all
- (B) Hatred of Islam
- (C) Importance of Islam
- (D) Unity in diversity

14. The 5th Guru Arjun Dev was killed by —

- (A) Akbar
- (B) Jahangir
- (C) Sahajahan
- (D) Aurangzeb

15. The word Sikh means —

- (A) Disciple
- (B) Religion
- (C) Caste
- (D) Guru

Turn Over

16. Bishan Das was the famous painter in the court of —

- (A) Akbar
- (B) Jahangir
- (C) Shahjahan
- (D) Aurangzeb

17. The Moti Masjid situated at —

- (A) Agra
- (B) Sekendrabad
- (C) Delhi
- (D) Bombay

18. The court language of the Mughals was —

- (A) Urdu
- (B) Persian
- (C) Hindi
- (D) Arabic

19. When was Shivaji born?

- (A) 1627 A.D.
- (B) 1638 A.D.
- (C) 1632 A.D.
- (D) 1680 A.D.

20. Aurangzeb annexed Bijapur in the year —

- (A) 1680 A.D.
- (B) 1684 A.D.
- (C) 1685 A.D.
- (D) 1686 A.D.

Turn Over

P - II (1+1+1) H / 19 (N)

2019

HISTORY (Honours)

Paper Code : III-B

[New Syllabus]

Full Marks : 80

Time : Three Hours Thirty Minutes

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Category - I

Answer any *two* questions within 750 words. 20×2=40

1. Trace the evolution of the zamindari system and its role in Mughal state. 20
2. Discuss the land revenue system of Akbar. How did it affect the peasantry? 12+8
3. Write an essay on Sufism during the period of your study. 20
4. Explain the Jagirdari crisis. Was it inevitable? 14+6

Category - II

Answer any *two* questions within 350 words. 10×2=20

5. Do you think that Abul Fazl and Badauni were different in their approach? 10
6. Give brief account of Akbar's Rajput policy. What were its results? 6+4
7. Write a note on the forests in Mughal India. 10
8. What were the major debates relating to the crisis of the Mughal empire? 10

Turn Over

(9)

Category - III

Write short notes on any *four* within 100 words.

5×4=20

9. Watan Jagir
10. *Sulh-i-kul*
11. *Zindapir*
12. ESTADO-DA-INDIA
13. Imperial karkhana
14. Nadir Shah
15. The principal cities in Mughal India
16. Artists in the Mughal Court

P - II (1+1+1) H / 19 (N)

2019

HISTORY (Honours)**Paper Code : IV-A & B****[New Syllabus]**

Full Marks : 100

Time : Four Hours

**Important Instructions
for Multiple Choice Question (MCQ)**

- Write Subject Name and Code, Registration number, Session and Roll number in the space provided on the Answer Script.

Example : Such as for Paper III-A (MCQ) and III-B (Descriptive).Subject Code :

III	A	&	B
-----	---	---	---

Subject Name :

- Candidates are required to attempt all questions (MCQ). Below each question, four alternatives are given [i.e. (A), (B), (C), (D)]. Only one of these alternatives is 'CORRECT' answer. The candidate has to write the Correct Alternative [i.e. (A)/(B)/(C)/(D)] against each Question No. in the Answer Script.

Example — If alternative A of 1 is correct, then write :**1. — A**

- There is no negative marking for wrong answer.
- No student will be allowed to leave the examination hall before completion of the examination.
- Using abusive language or employing any other unfair means, he/she will render himself/herself liable to disqualify.
- Use of any mobile phone, calculator or log table etc. in the examination hall is prohibited, except specially instructed in the question paper.

মাল্টিপল চয়েস প্রশ্নের (MCQ) জন্য জরুরী নির্দেশাবলী.

- উত্তরপত্রে নির্দেশিত স্থানে বিষয়ের (Subject) নাম এবং কোড, রেজিস্ট্রেশন নম্বর, সেশন এবং রোল নম্বর লিখতে হবে।

উদাহরণ — যেমন Paper III-A (MCQ) এবং III-B (Descriptive)।

Subject Code :

III	A	&	B
-----	---	---	---

Subject Name :

- পরীক্ষার্থীদের সবগুলি প্রশ্নের (MCQ) উত্তর দিতে হবে। প্রতিটি প্রশ্নে চারটি করে সম্ভাব্য উত্তর, যথাক্রমে (A), (B), (C) এবং (D) করে দেওয়া আছে। পরীক্ষার্থীকে তার উত্তরের স্বপক্ষে (A)/(B)/(C)/(D) সঠিক বিকল্পটিকে প্রশ্ন নম্বর উল্লেখসহ উত্তরপত্রে লিখতে হবে।

উদাহরণ — যদি 1 নম্বর প্রশ্নের সঠিক উত্তর A হয় তবে লিখতে হবে :

1. — A

- ভুল উত্তরের জন্য কোন নেগেটিভ মার্কিং নেই।
- কোন অবস্থাতেই পরীক্ষার্থীকে পরীক্ষাচলাকালীন পরীক্ষাকেন্দ্রের বাইরে যাওয়ার অনুমতি দেওয়া যাবে না।
- অবাঞ্ছিত কোন শব্দ ব্যবহার করা অথবা অবৈধ কোনো কাজকর্মে লিপ্ত থাকলে ছাত্র/ছাত্রী তার পরীক্ষা বাতিলের জন্য নিজেই দায়ী থাকবে।
- প্রশ্নপত্রে নির্দেশিত বিশেষ নির্দেশ ছাড়া পরীক্ষাকক্ষে মোবাইল ফোন, ক্যালকুলেটর অথবা লগ-টেবিল ইত্যাদি ব্যবহার নিষিদ্ধ।

Paper Code : IV-A

Full Marks : 20

Time : Thirty Minutes

Choose the correct answer.

Each question carries 1 mark.

1. Who became the Nawab of Bengal after the death of Alivardi Khan?

- (A) Mir Jafar
- (B) Siraj-ud-Daulah
- (C) Mir Qasim
- (D) Ahmed Khan

2. Treaty of Alinagar was signed between —

- (A) Mir Jafar and French East India Company
- (B) Mir Qasim and Shah Alam II
- (C) Robert Clive and Siraj-ud-Daulah
- (D) Hastings and Alivardi Khan

3. When was the Battle of Buxer fought?

- (A) 27 November, 1764
- (B) 23 June, 1764
- (C) 20 May, 1764
- (D) 21 October, 1764

4. Who among the following abolished the Dual System of Government of Bengal?

- (A) Lord Warren Hastings
- (B) Lord Cornwallis
- (C) Lord Ellenborough
- (D) Lord John Shore

5. What was meant by the Nizamat of Bengal?

- (A) Revenue
- (B) Administration
- (C) Trade
- (D) Culture

6. The Treaty of Amritsar was signed in —

- (A) 1609 A.D.
- (B) 1709 A.D.
- (C) 1809 A.D.
- (D) 1909 A.D.

7. The Calcutta Madrasha was established by —

- (A) Nana Phadnavis
- (B) Balaji Bishwanath
- (C) Madhab Rao
- (D) Warren Hastings

Turn Over

8. Who was called 'Machiavelli of India'?

- (A) Nana Phadnavis
- (B) Shivaji
- (C) Balaji Bajirao
- (D) Shambhuji

9. When the Treaty of Mangalore was signed?

- (A) 1784 AD
- (B) 1780 AD
- (C) 1793 AD
- (D) 1757 AD

10. Who published Bengal Gazettee?

- (A) Dankan
- (B) David Hare
- (C) Augustas Hicky
- (D) Alexzander Duff

11. When was the Scottish Church College established?

- (A) 1850 AD
- (B) 1860 AD
- (C) 1840 AD
- (D) 1830 AD

Turn Over

12. Who introduced Doctrine of Lapse?

- (A) Lord Canning
- (B) Lord Wellesley
- (C) Lord Dalhousie
- (D) Lord Bentinck

13. Leader of Santhal Uprising?

- (A) Birsha
- (B) Binay
- (C) Sangita
- (D) Sindhu

14. Who wrote the book "Poverty and un-British Rule in India"?

- (A) Dadabhai Naoraji
- (B) M. N. Roy
- (C) G. Gokhale
- (D) C. Rajagopalacharya

15. To which tribe did Birsha a prominent leader of the revolt against the British belong?

- (A) Khasi
- (B) Mundas
- (C) Santhal
- (D) Satnami

16. Who founded the Atmiya Sabha the 1815?

- (A) Derozio
- (B) Vivekananda
- (C) Rammohan Roy
- (D) Vidyasagar

17. The last Governor General of India was —

- (A) Bentinck
- (B) Dalhousie
- (C) Hastings
- (D) Canning

18. Who among the following was the first to describe the Revolt of 1857 as the First War of Independence?

- (A) V. D. Savarkar
- (B) S. N. Sen
- (C) Sumit Sarkar
- (D) R. C. Majumder

19. Who regards the revolt of 1857 as “the source spring of the national movement?”

- (A) P. E. Roberts
- (B) P. C. Joshi
- (C) M. Chatterjee
- (D) R. C. Majumder

Turn Over

20. The man who led the Mutiny in Behar was —

- (A) Tantia Tope
- (B) Amar Singh
- (C) Kunwar Singh
- (D) Nana Saheb

P - II (1+1+1) H / 19 (N)

2019

HISTORY (Honours)

Paper Code : IV-B

[New Syllabus]

Full Marks : 80

Time : Three Hours Thirty Minutes

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Category - I

Answer any *two* questions within 750 words. 20×2=40

1. 'Haider was born to create an empire, Tipu to lose one.' —Justify the statement. 20
2. What led to the introduction of the permanent Land Revenue Settlement in Bengal? How did it affect the agrarian society of Bengal? 12+8
3. Evaluate the contributions of Raja Rammohan Ray in the making of modern India. What were his limitations. 12+8
4. Account for the outbreak of the Revolt of 1857. Give a pen picture of the Historiography of the revolt of 1857. 10+10

Category - II

Answer any *two* questions within 350 words. 10×2=20

5. Write a note on the importance of Dewani. 10
6. Was Ranjit Singh able to realize his idea of Pan-Sikhism? 10

Turn Over

7. What were the limitations of Bengal Renaissance of the 19th Century. 10
8. Discuss the nature of the Anglicist and Orientalist Controversy in the 19th Century Bengal. 10

Category - III

Write short notes on any *four* questions within 100 words. 5×4=20

9. Black Hole Tragedy
10. Dastak
11. Treaty of Salbai
12. Hindu-Pad-Padsashi
13. Subsidiary Alliance
14. Commercialization
15. Treaty of Lahore (1846)
16. Vidyasagar